

**Unit
5**

**Agribusiness and the Changing
Geography of Agriculture**

**Rural and Agricultural
Geography 4**

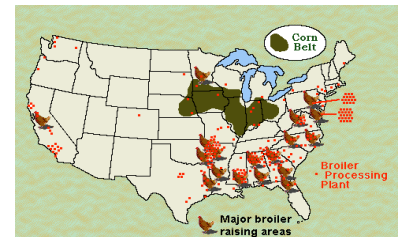
The following information corresponds to Chapter 11 in your textbook, and the course videos. Fill in the blanks to complete the definition or task. Note: All of the following information in addition to your reading is important.

The Geography of Agribusiness

• Define: agribusiness - _____

• Discuss the geographic distribution and processing of poultry in the United States in the early twentieth century - _____

• Discuss the geographic distribution and processing of poultry in the United States by the early twenty-first century - _____



• Discuss how "farming" has transformed from a primary economic activity to more of a secondary, tertiary, and even more integrated process - _____

• Discuss the geographic distribution and processing of hogs in the United States in the early twenty-first century - _____

• Discuss how agribusiness has enriched the lives of the wealthy and urbanized - _____

Impacts and Types of Modern Agriculture

• Discuss TWO ways in which agriculture affects the environment - _____

• Describe: organic (and "sustainable") agriculture - _____

• Define: hunger (according to the UN World Food Program) and describe some of the conditions for people in areas of low food security - _____

Impacts and Types of Modern Agriculture (continued)

- Discuss ONE way in which governments or nongovernmental organizations combat malnourishment and famine - _____
- Define: food desert, and discuss the impact food deserts have on the neighborhoods in which they are found - _____
- Describe the difference between locavorism and globavorism - _____
- Define: communal agriculture, and describe where it is still prevalent - _____
- Define: blue revolution, and describe its potential impact on global food availability - _____

The Imprint of Agriculture on the Cultural Landscape

- Define: cadastral system - _____
- Define: rectangular survey system (township-and-range), and state where it is dominant - _____
- Define: metes and bounds survey, and state where it is dominant - _____
- Define: long-lot survey system, and state where it is dominant - _____
- Define: dispersed settlement pattern, and state where it is dominant - _____
- Define: nucleated (clustered) settlement pattern, and state where it is dominant - _____
- Define: linear settlement pattern, and state where it is dominant - _____
- Define: functional differentiation, and briefly discuss how it differs between LDCs and MDCs - _____